

Safety Data Sheet

Sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate

Revision 5, 22/08/2024

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	Sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate
Other Names	No Data Available
Uses	Cleaning products; Detergents; Industrial use.
Chemical Family	No Data Available
Chemical Formula	Unspecified
Chemical Name	Silicic acid (H ₂ SiO ₃), disodium salt, pentahydrate
Product Description	No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Aurora Cleaning Supplies	F1 / 5 Bungaleen Court Dandenong Court VIC 3175	03 9768 2669

Emergency Contact Details


For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust)	Schedule 5
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Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification		Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)	
Hazard Categories		Corrosive to Metals - Category 1 Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1C Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3	
Pictograms			
Signal Word		Danger	
Hazard Statements		H290	May be corrosive to metals.
		H302	Harmful if swallowed.
		H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
		H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary Statements	Prevention	P260	Do not breathe dust.
		P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
		P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
		P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	Response	P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
		P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
		P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
		P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
		P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
		P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
		P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
		P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	Storage	P406	Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
		P405	Store locked up.
	Disposal	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification	Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)
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Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications	Health Hazards	6.1D	Substances that are acutely toxic - Harmful
		8.1A	Substances that are corrosive to metals
		8.2C	Substances that are corrosive to dermal tissue UN PGIII
		8.3A	Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Ingredients**

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Unspecified	10213-79-3	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure**

Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth thoroughly, then drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Eye	IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Can cause corneal burns!
Skin	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin and hair with running water/shower for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. *For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin.
Inhaled	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. Keep victim calm and warm. Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance. *Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.
Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	No information available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Do not get water inside containers.
Flammability Conditions	Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.
Extinguishing Media	If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO ₂), foam or water spray for extinction. Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.
Fire and Explosion Hazard	Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Containers may explode when heated.
Hazardous Products of Combustion	Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
Special Fire Fighting Instructions	Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may be corrosive and/or toxic and may cause pollution.
Personal Protective Equipment	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing - It may provide little or no thermal protection. Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.
Flash Point	No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temperature	No Data Available
Hazchem Code	2X

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure	Ensure adequate ventilation - Ventilate enclosed areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Promptly clean up spills! Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid generating dust. Do not breathe dust and prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Clean Up Procedures	Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container. Avoid generating dust. *Do not get water inside containers.
Containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
Decontamination	After cleaning, flush away traces with water.
Environmental Precautionary Measures	Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and waterways. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Evacuation Criteria	Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Stay upwind and/or uphill.
Personal Precautionary Measures	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing. Structural firefighters' protective clothing is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid generating dust. Do not breathe dusts or mists and prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection (see SECTION 8).
Storage	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Protect from moisture. Keep away from foodstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Store locked up.
Container	Keep only in the original container or corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. *Do not store in aluminum, fiberglass, copper, brass, zinc or galvanized containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General	No specific exposure standards are available for this product.
Exposure Limits	No Data Available
Biological Limits	No information available.
Engineering Measures	A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.
Personal Protection Equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Respiratory protection: If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust mask/respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716). - Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. Recommended: Tight sealing safety goggles. - Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves. - Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Recommended: Boots; Apron; Overalls.
Special Hazards Precautions	No information available.
Work Hygienic Practices	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Solid
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Appearance	Granular
Odour	Odourless or musty
Colour	White
pH	>12 - Approx. 14 (1% aqueous solution)
Vapour Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available
Boiling Point	No Data Available
Melting Point	72 °C
Freezing Point	No Data Available
Solubility	Soluble in water
Specific Gravity	No Data Available
Flash Point	No Data Available
Auto Ignition Temp	No Data Available
Evaporation Rate	No Data Available
Bulk Density	0.85 - 1.05 kg/L
Corrosion Rate	No Data Available
Decomposition Temperature	No Data Available
Density	No Data Available
Specific Heat	No Data Available
Molecular Weight	No Data Available
Net Propellant Weight	No Data Available
Octanol Water Coefficient	No Data Available
Particle Size	No Data Available
Partition Coefficient	No Data Available
Saturated Vapour Concentration	No Data Available
Vapour Temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Percent	No Data Available
VOC Volume	No Data Available
Additional Characteristics	Hygroscopic: absorbs moisture or water from surrounding air.
Potential for Dust Explosion	No information available.
Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics	No information available.
Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials	No information available.
Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire	No information available.
Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity	Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.
Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours	Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Sodium oxides, oxides of Silicon.
Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases	Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information	Generates heat when mixed with acid. May react with ammonium salt solutions resulting in evolution of ammonia gas. May be corrosive to metals. Flammable hydrogen gas may be produced on contact with aluminum, tin, lead, and zinc. Carbon monoxide gas may be produced on contact with reducing sugars.
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid	Avoid moisture, direct sunlight.
Materials to Avoid	Incompatible/reactive with acids, aluminium, brass, bronze, copper, lead, tin, zinc.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases, including Sodium oxides, oxides of Silicon. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.
Hazardous Polymerisation	Does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed; Causes severe gastrointestinal irritation with possible burns/perforation of the digestive tract. Corrosive to the mouth, throat, stomach; May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, ulceration, bleeding.- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns, redness, pain.- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye damage; Corrosive to eyes - May cause permanent injury, blindness.- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: No information available.- Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available.- Carcinogenicity: No information available.- Reproductive toxicity: No information available.- STOT (single exposure): May cause respiratory irritation; May cause chemical burns to the respiratory tract.- STOT (repeated exposure): No information available.- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.
Acute	
Ingestion	Acute toxicity (Oral): - LD50, Rat: 847 mg/kg
Carcinogen Category	None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	No information available.
Persistence/Degradability	No information available.
Mobility	No information available.
Environmental Fate	Prevent entry into drains and waterways.
Bioaccumulation Potential	No information available.
Environmental Impact	No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Special Precautions for Land Fill	Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name	DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE
Class	8 Corrosive Substances

Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
UN Number	3253
Hazchem	2X
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name	DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
UN Number	3253
Hazchem	2X
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name	DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
EPG	37 Toxic And/Or Corrosive Substances Non-Combustible
UN Number	3253
Hazchem	2X
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name	DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
ERG	154 Substances - Toxic and/or Corrosive (Non-Combustible)
UN Number	3253
Hazchem	2X
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name	DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	3253
Hazchem	2X
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available
EMS	F-A, S-B

Marine Pollutant	No
Air Transport IATA DGR	
Proper Shipping Name	DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE
Class	8 Corrosive Substances
Subsidiary Risk(s)	No Data Available
UN Number	3253
Hazchem	2X
Pack Group	III
Special Provision	No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification	Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)
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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information	No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust)	Schedule 5

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code	HSR002491 HSR003419 (Revoked)
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National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIIC)	Listed
Canada (DSL)	Not Determined
Canada (NDSL)	Not Determined
China (IECSC)	Not Determined
Europe (EINECS)	600-279-4
Europe (REACH)	Not Determined
Japan (ENCS/METI)	Not Determined
Korea (KECI)	Not Determined
Malaysia (EHS Register)	Not Determined
New Zealand (NZIoC)	Listed
Philippines (PICCS)	Not Determined
Switzerland (Giftliste 1)	Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified Substances)	Not Determined
Taiwan (NCSR)	Not Determined
USA (TSCA)	Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes	SOMESE0100, SOMESE1000, SOMESE1001, SOMESE1002, SOMESE1003, SOMESE1004, SOMESE1005, SOMESE1006, SOMESE1007, SOMESE1008, SOMESE1009, SOMESE1010, SOMESE1011, SOMESE1012, SOMESE1013, SOMESE1014, SOMESE1015, SOMESE1016, SOMESE1017, SOMESE1018, SOMESE1019, SOMESE1020, SOMESE1021, SOMESE1022, SOMESE1023, SOMESE1024, SOMESE1025, SOMESE1026, SOMESE1027, SOMESE1028, SOMESE1030, SOMESE1500, SOMESE1501, SOMESE1502, SOMESE1800, SOMESE1801, SOMESE1803, SOMESE1804, SOMESE1805, SOMESE1806, SOMESE1807, SOMESE1808, SOMESE1809, SOMESE1810, SOMESE2000, SOMESE2100, SOMESE2101, SOMESE2155, SOMESE2200, SOMESE2500, SOMESE3000, SOMESE3001, SOMESE3010, SOMESE3020, SOMESE3021, SOMESE3030, SOMESE3031, SOMESE3040, SOMESE3200, SOMESE3240, SOMESE3250, SOMESE3300, SOMESE4000, SOMESE4001, SOMESE4200, SOMESE4225, SOMESE4250, SOMESE4300, SOMESE4400, SOMESE5100, SOMESE5200, SOMESE5201, SOMESE5202, SOMESE5203, SOMESE5300, SOMESE6000, SOMESE6001, SOMESE6002, SOMESE6100, SOMESE6101, SOMESE6200, SOMESE6201, SOMESE6202, SOMESE6300, SOMESE6301, SOMESE6500, SOMESE6600, SOMESE6700, SOMESE6800, SOMESE7000, SOMESE7200, SOMESE8000, SOMESE8200, SOMESE8300
Revision	5
Revision Date	22/08/2024
Key/Legend	<p>< Less Than > Greater Than AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances atm Atmosphere CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number) cm² Square Centimetres CO₂ Carbon Dioxide COD Chemical Oxygen Demand deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit g Grams g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre g/l Grams per Litre HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other. inHg Inch of Mercury inH₂O Inch of Water K Kelvin kg Kilogram kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre lb Pound LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. ltr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present. mm Millimetre mmH₂O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second N/A Not Applicable NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission</p>

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight