

03 9768 2669

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Natrosol

Other Names (Hydroxyethyl)cellulose; HEC; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Natrosol 250 HHX PHARM

Uses Gelling and thickening agent.

Chemical FamilyNo Data AvailableChemical FormulaC2H6O2.x

Chemical Name Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location Telephone

Aurora Cleaning Supplies F1 / 5 Bungaleen Court Dandenong South

VIC, 3175

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location **Telephone** Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia +64-4-9179888 Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888 New Zealand National Poisons Centre 0800-764766 CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
(Hydroxyethyl)cellulose	C2H6O2.x	9004-62-0	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not give milk alcoholic beverages. Get medical

advice/attention if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eve IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally

lifting the upper and lower lids. Protect unharmed eye. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: First aid is not normally required. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing

and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory

symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor No hazards which require special first aid measures. Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated

by Exposure

No information available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is

Flammability Conditions Combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Product is compatible with standard fire-fighting agents. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source

is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxide, Sodium oxides, oxides of

Phosphorus

Special Fire Fighting

Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform

may provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit** No Data Available

No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - Material

can create slippery conditions. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect material (sweep or vacuum up) and seal in properly labelled containers for disposal (see SECTION 13). Avoid

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

dispersal of dust in the air (i.e. clearing dusty surfaces with compressed air).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Personal Precautionary

Evacuation Criteria

Measures

Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

> adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical

grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid exposure to

UV/sunlight and moisture. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible

materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific General

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local

exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source,

preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

- Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust **Personal Protection Equipment**

mask/particulate filter respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves, e.g. Butyl-rubber.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended:

Overalls, safety glasses.

No information available. **Special Hazards Precaustions**

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using

the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Routine

housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Fibrous or granular powder

Odour Odourless

Colour White or slightly off-white

pН 6.0 - 8.5

Vapour Pressure No Data Available **Relative Vapour Density** No Data Available **Boiling Point** No Data Available **Melting Point** No Data Available **Freezing Point** No Data Available Solubility Soluble in water **Specific Gravity** No Data Available Flash Point No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available **Density** No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available

Saturated Vapour Concentration No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available

Viscosity 3,400 - 5,500 mPa.s (@ No Data Available)

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

Volatile Percent No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics**

No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source

is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Octanol Water Coefficient

Partition Coefficient

Particle Size

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases

or Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxide, Sodium oxides,

oxides of Phosphorus.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General InformationNo decomposition if stored and applied as directed.Chemical StabilityStable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid Avoid generating dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, strong acids and bases.

Hazardous Decomposition

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating, toxic and/or corrosive fumes, including Carbon oxide, Sodium oxides, oxides of Phosphorus.

Products

Hazardous Polymerisation Product will not undergo hazardous polymerisation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: No adverse effects expected; large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.Eye contact: Unlikely to cause eye irritation or injury; Product dust may be irritating to eyes.
- Skin contact: Product dust may be irritating to skin.
- Inhalation: Product dust may be irritating to respiratory system.

Chronic effects: No information available.

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EcotoxicityNo information available.Persistence/DegradabilityNo information available.MobilityNo information available.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill No information available.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available

Pack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping NameHydroxyethyl celluloseClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableNo Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Hydroxyethyl cellulose Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEAA transport.

Air Transport IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

UN Number

No Data Available

Hazchem

No Data Available

Pack Group

No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 618-387-5

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Not Determined

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes HYETCE0500, HYETCE0900, HYETCE1001, HYETCE1002, HYETCE1003, HYETCE1004, HYETCE1005,

> HYETCE1006, HYETCE1007, HYETCE1008, HYETCE1101, HYETCE1300, HYETCE1400, HYETCE1500, HYETCE2000, HYETCE2001, HYETCE2700, HYETCE3000, HYETCE3011, HYETCE3500, HYETCE3900, HYETCE4000, HYETCE4001, HYETCE4005, HYETCE4100, HYETCE4101, HYETCE4150, HYETCE4300, HYETCE4500, HYETCE4700, HYETCE4800, HYETCE5001, HYETCE5002, HYETCE5100, HYETCE5101, HYETCE5102, HYETCE5300, HYETCE5400, HYETCE5693, HYETCE6000, HYETCE6200, HYETCE8000,

HYETCE8200, HYETCE9000, HYETCE9100

Revision

Revision Date 22/08/2024 Reason for Issue Updated SDS Key/Legend < Less Than > Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square Centimetres CO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50%

(one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component

present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission **OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion
ppm Parts per Million
ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours
psi Pounds per Square Inch
R Rankine
RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV Threshold Limit Value
tne Tonne
TWA Time Weighted Average
ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours
UN United Nations
wt Weight